MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION FORM B - BUILDING

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION MASSACHUSETTS ARCHIVES BUILDING 220 MORRISSEY BLVD BOSTON, MA 02125

Photograph

(3"x3" or 3-1/2"x5" black and white only) Label photo on back with town and property address. Record film roll and negative numbers here on the form. Staple photo to left side of form over this space. Attach additional photos to continuation sheets.



Sketch Map

Draw a map showing the building's location in relation to the nearest cross streets and/or major natural features. Show all buildings between inventoried building and nearest intersection or natural feature. Label streets including route numbers, if any. Circle and number the inventoried building. Indicate

Town	Provincetown
Place (neighborhood or village)	
Address	277 COMMERCIAL ST
Building ID	824
Parcel No. (PID)	11-3-020-0
Mapbase #	11-3-020
Building Area	3859.603
Historic Name	
Present Use	Commercial
Original Use	Commercial
Date of Construction	1880
Source	maps and atlases
Style/Form	Greek Revival, Vernacular
Architect/Builder	
Exterior Material	Wood shingle
Foundation	obscured
Wall/Trim	wood
Roof	Front gable
Outbuildings/Secondary Structures	

Major Alterations (with dates) Replacement windows; deck.

Recorded byVanessaOrganizationKise StraDate (month/year)SeptembForm StatusImage: newAssessor's NumberUSGS

Vanessa Zeoli Kise Straw & Kolodner September 2003 new update USGS Quad Area(s)

Setting

Condition

Moved

Acreage

Follow Massachusetts Historical Commission Survey Manual instructions for completing this form.

Form Number

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ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION

see continuation sheet

Describe architectural feaures. Evaluate the characteristics of this building in terms of other buildings in the community.

277 Commercial St. is a 2-story Italianate-style commercial building containing numerous businesses; gable-front roof is sheathed in asphalt shingles, partial cornice returns; exterior is clad in wood shingles with wood corner boards and trim; building sits on an obscured foundation; fenestration includes Chicago-style vinyl window in 2nd story, 1/1 vinyl DHS window in gable end; mid-20th century storefront on 1st story; recessed entry with paired modern large-pane vinyl door with a single-pane transom; deck on side façade; modern concrete block addition on south facade.

HISTORICAL NARRATIVE

see continuation sheet

Discuss the history of the building. Explain its associations with local (or state) history. Include uses of the building, and the role(s) the owners/occupants played within the community.

As per Tom Boland (1994): The earliest known structures of the area are 250 and 280. 250 Commercial is listed as the office of Dr. John L. Lothrop, who also had a pharmacy here, in the 1858 atlas. By 1875, the building had become Adams Pharmacy which still exists to this day and is the oldest business in continuous operation. The building in 1880, however was still owned by a J.M. Croker. By 1901-1907, the site was owned by John D. Adams himself. Historic photographs from the turn of the century indicate that the storefront remains unchanged in form.

299 Commercial Street was constructed between 1858 and 1880. In 1880, it is listed as the property of F. Small. By 1901, M.J. Davis is noted as owning and operating a small business from here and in 1907, the site is listed as Manuel J. Davis, hairdresser. The site of 277 Commercial Street was owned by D.D. Smith in 1880. In 1901, the current building was run as a restaurant by Emma F. Howes.283-289 Commercial Street was owned by S. Nickerson in 1880. As of 1901-1907, these buildings were operated as a livery by James Campbell. Mr. Campbell is noted in 1890 as working as a teamster or jobber.280 Commercial Street was owned by S. Nickerson in 1880. By 1901-1907 the property was owned by Angus McKay, a dealer in dry goods, boots, etc. In 1880, 269 Commercial Street was owned and operated by D. Conwell. The shop, in 1886, is listed as a millinery, and in 1890, a millinery run by Miss Lucy Paine is noted to exist across from Town Hall.

BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES

see continuation sheet

Barnstable County Atlas., 1880. Barnstable County Atlas., 1907. Cape Cod Directory, 1901. The Extremity of Cape Cod. Map, 1836. H.F. Wallings Co. Map of Provincetown Village. Atlas, 1858. Jennings, Herman A. Chequocket or Provincetown. 1893. Jennings, Herman A. Provincetown. or Odds and Ends from the Tip End. 1890. Resident Directory. W.F. Richardson & Co., 1886. Resident Directory. W.H. Hopkins, 1889.

Recommended for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. If checked, you must attach a completed National Register Criteria Statement form.